

# MIDLAND PARK PUBLIC SCHOOLS Midland Park, New Jersey CURRICULUM

## Spanish Grade 1

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Approved by the Midland Park Board of Education on October 7, 2014

#### Spanish-Grade 1

#### **Course Description:**

First Grade Spanish is an introduction to a foreign language for young learners. It is designed to help these young learners understand that languages/cultures/traditions are different depending on the country you are from. Students will get an introduction to salutations, polite words, numbers, colors, classroom objects, body parts and opposites. They will use this vocabulary to make simple sentences to converse with the teacher and other students. Students will create projects based on the above thematic units. They will listen to bilingual stories as well as well known favorites in Spanish, such as: <a href="mailto:Brown Bear">Brown Bear</a> and <a href="mailto:Goodnight Moon">Goodnight Moon</a>. Students will participate in cultural activities from Mexico and Puerto Rico to better understand and appreciate these cultures. This will give them a respect for diversity and a love of language.

#### **Suggested Course Sequence:**

Unit 1: Greetings, Farewells, and Polite words; respect for other cultures: 4 weeks

Unit 2 Courtesy words, numbers 1-10, Culture-Day of the Dead-Mexico: 3-4 weeks

Unit 3 Colors and numbers 11-20: 5-6 weeks

Unit 4 Basic questions, December Holidays in Mexico and Puerto Rico: 8 weeks

Unit 5 Classroom objects, concept of agreement, Diego Rivera: 8 weeks

Unit 6 Parts of the Body, opposites, Cinco de Mayo: 12 weeks

Unit Overview		
Content Area:	Spanish	
Unit Title:	Unit 1 Greetings, Farewells, and Polite words; respect for other cultures	
Target Course/Grade Level:	Grade 1 Spanish	

Unit Summary: This unit is the first introduction to Spanish. Students will be able to say hello, good morning, good afternoon, good night, goodbye and nice to meet you in Spanish. They will choose a "Spanish" name, and be able to ask and answer "¿Cómo te llamas?" (what is your name) and "¿Cómo estás? (How are you). Students will learn the commands: stand up ,sit down and stop to be used during class when appropriate. They will learn that Spanish is a language that comes from Spain and is spoken in 20 countries throughout the world. They will understand why it is important to both learn a foreign language and respect other cultures (this ties in to MP Week of Respect and Hispanic Heritage month-Sept 15-Oct 15)

21<sup>st</sup> century themes: Communication and Collaboration, Productivity and Accountability, Global awareness, and Cross-cultural skills

#### **Learning Targets**

#### Standards:

- **7.1 Communication:** All students should be able to communicate in at least one world language other than English. They will use language to engage in meaningful conversation, understand and interpret spoken word. Begin to recognize written word in target language, while making connections with other disciplines and compare language/culture to their own.
- **7.2 Culture:** All students will demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of another culture through experiences with its practices

CPI#	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) *NM Novice-mid	
	Modes- A: Interpretive B: Interpersonal C: Presentational	
7.1 NM A.1	Recognize familiar spoken words and phrases	
7.1 NM A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple oral directions, requests, and commands	
7.1 NM B.3	Imitate appropriate gestures and intonations of target language	
7.1 NM B.4	Ask and respond to simple questions and express preferences based on memorized words and phrases	
7.1 NM B.5	Exchange information using words and phrases in class on familiar topics	
7.1 NM C.2	Imitate/recite songs in target language	
7.2 NM A.1	Develop personal identity through experiences that occur in one's family/community/culture to relate to	
	other cultures with respect to friends, family, foods, pastimes	

#### **Unit Essential Questions**

- Why do you think it is important to learn another language?
- How can we show respect to others who speak a different language and come from a different culture?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings**

- The spanish language originates from Spain.
- Learning another language is good for your brain and helps us connect to others in this rapidly changing world.
- Target vocabulary-that will be used all throughout the year: ex. "Buenos dias Señora" "Cómo estas?-Estoy muy bien etc...."

#### **Unit Learning Targets**

Students will...

- Talk about the importance of learning another language and connect their prior language to any Spanish they might already know.
- Recognize and pronounce greeting words orally and use greeting words in a conversation
- Express their feelings using Spanish vocabulary
- Demonstrate understanding of commands as used by teacher in Spanish
- Identify their own cultural differences with respect to food, celebrations dress etc..
- Brainstorm ways to show respect to students of a different culture or speak a different language
- Celebrate Hispanic Heritage month

#### **Evidence of Learning**

#### Summative Assessment (4 class periods that meet weekly)

Listening activities

Dialogues with teacher then partners

Class discussions-think, pair, share

Teacher observations

**Equipment Needed:** 

Cd player, ELMO, Inter-write board,

**Teacher Resources:** 

Say Hola to Spanish and Tito el Bombero map of Spain and 19 Hispanic countries, "Sing and learn

Spanish CD" worksheets from Teach them Spanish-Grade 1 and many online

websiteswww.abcteach.com, www.spanish4teachers.org, etc..

#### **Formative Assessments**

- Discussions
- Questioning
- Observation of oral discourse
- Pronunciation of target vocab

- Name worksheet
- Thumbs up/down
- Flag project
- Worksheets-greetings and feelings illustrations
- Student participation
- Songs

Lesson Plans		
Lesson #	Lesson Name	Time frame (hours/days)
	What is your name?	Class period, then review
1	Given Spanish name, how to pronounce, answer "Como te llamas" "Me	throughout unit
	llamo" name worksheet Say Hola to Spanish Why learn Spanish? Learn	No.
	"Levántate, Sientáte and Paráte" to be able to move around the room, Adios	
	song	
2	Commands, mucho gusto and Hispanic heritage	Class period
	Say Spanish name to classmates and "Mucho gusto" map	
	Brainstorm things we get from Spanish culture (food, music, actors, sports)	
	Choose a flag color correctly, Adios song	
	Greetings and feelings	Class period, then ongoing all
3	"Buenos dias/tardes clase" students respond, express how they are feeling	year
	to teacher and each other, worksheet, Hola, Cómo estas and Adios song	
	Respect for other cultures and review	Class period and ongoing
4	<u>Tito el Bombero</u> . Tito is bilingual, speaks Spanish home, different culture,	
	brainstorm and class discussion, do you agree? Thumbs up/down	
	review all vocabulary learned through questioning	

#### **Teacher Notes:**

Classes may miss due to assemblies, drills, and day off from school-note which classes may need an extra period

#### **Curriculum Development Resources**

Click links below to access additional resources used to design this unit:

www.abcteach.com,

www.spanish4teachers.org,

www.enchantedlearning.com

www.languagesresources.co.uk

Unit Overview		
Content Area:	Spanish	
Unit Title:	Unit 2 Courtesy words, numbers 1-10, Culture-Day of the Dead-Mexico	
Target Course/Grade Level:	Grade 1 Spanish	

**Unit Summary:** Students will be able to say please, thank you, you're welcome, recognize numbers 1-10 both written and orally, count to 10 in Spanish, sing 2 songs in Spanish, learn about the Mexican Holiday Day of the Dead,

**21**<sup>st</sup> **century themes:** Communication and Collaboration, Productivity and Accountability, Global awareness, and Crosscultural skills

#### **Learning Targets**

#### Standards:

- **7.1 Communication:** All students should be able to communicate in at least one world language other than English. They will use language to engage in meaningful conversation, understand and interpret spoken word. Begin to recognize written word in target language, while making connections with other disciplines and compare language/culture to their own.
- **7.2 Culture:** All students will demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of another culture through experiences with its practices

CPI#	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) *NM Novice-mid	
	Modes- A: Interpretive B: Interpersonal C: Presentational	
7.1 NM A.1	Recognize familiar spoken words and phrases	
7.1 NM A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple oral directions, requests, and commands	
7.1 NM B.3	Imitate appropriate gestures and intonations of target language	
7.1 NM B.4	Ask and respond to simple questions and express preferences based on memorized words and phrases	
7.1 NM B.5	Exchange information using words and phrases in class on familiar topics	
7.1 NM C.2	Imitate/recite songs in target language	
7.2 NM A.1	Develop personal identity through experiences that occur in one's family/community/culture to relate to	
	other cultures with respect to friends, family, foods, pastimes	

#### **Unit Essential Questions**

- "Por favor" literally means "for a favor" how can we connect that to the English word Please? How can we connect Spanish words to English words?
- How is the Mexican Holiday "Day of the Dead" similar or different to the American holiday of Halloween?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings**

- Target vocabulary-that will be used all throughout the year: ex. Por favor, Gracias, De nada.
- Spanish numbers 1-10.
- Mexico is our neighbor to the south where they speak Spanish.
- The holiday of Dia de Los Muertes dates back to the Aztecs to honor people who have passed on; specific decorations are used for this holiday like Calaveras.

#### **Unit Learning Targets**

#### Students will...

- Use courtesy words in Spanish in a whole group, with a partner and individually.
- Count to ten in Spanish using flashcards.
- Pronounce Spanish numbers one to ten through a Spanish counting song.
- Recognize written number words in Spanish in and out of numerical order.
- Write the Spanish numbers one to ten.
- Sing the" Itsy Bitsy Spider" in Spanish.
- Recall basic information about Day of the Dead such as: it's a Mexican holiday, started with the Aztecs, use decoration like calaveras
- Compare Mexican holiday to Halloween

#### **Evidence of Learning**

#### Summative Assessment (3-4 class periods that meet weekly)

Listening activities, class discussions and teacher observations for pronunciation worksheets- "count the Spiders" in Spanish, number word search, write in appropriate Spanish number Count the "piernas" on the spider.

Equipment Needed: Cd player, ELMO, Inter-write board,

Teacher Resources: <u>Calavera Abecedario</u> and <u>Fiesta</u> map of Mexico, worksheets from <u>Teach them Spanish-Grade 1</u>

and many online websites www.abcteach.com, www.spanish4teachers.org, etc..

**Formative Assessments** 

Discussions

Questioning

Observation of oral discourse

• Pronunciation of target vocab

"Pass the ball game" using polite words in Spanish

Student participation

Songs

Lesson Plans	
Lesson Name	Time frame (hours/days)
Por Favor: Learn 3 polite words to use in class when appropriate, written	Class period and ongoing
words in flash cards, how to connect to English, play "Polite Futbol" count	
using fingers, partner practice, learn counting song	
Spiders: count to ten using spider puppet's legs and antennae, see written	Class period and ongoing
word using flashcards, tiered counting worksheets based on ability, learn	
"Araña Pequenita" song using ELMO	
Dia de Los Muertos: class discussion, map, what is a neighbor? Read	Class period
<u>Calavera</u> book, discussion of decorations, what do Mexicans use for their	
holiday, what do we use, coloring acitivity	
	Por Favor: Learn 3 polite words to use in class when appropriate, written words in flash cards, how to connect to English, play "Polite Futbol" count using fingers, partner practice, learn counting song  Spiders: count to ten using spider puppet's legs and antennae, see written word using flashcards, tiered counting worksheets based on ability, learn "Araña Pequenita" song using ELMO  Dia de Los Muertos: class discussion, map, what is a neighbor? Read Calavera book, discussion of decorations, what do Mexicans use for their

#### **Teacher Notes:**

Classes may miss due to assemblies, drills, and day off from school-note which classes may need an extra period

#### **Curriculum Development Resources**

Click links below to access additional resources used to design this unit:

www.abcteach.com,

www.spanish4teachers.org,

www.enchantedlearning.com

www.languagesresources.co.uk

www.slideshare.net/ptineo/day-of-the-dead-ppt-presentation

Unit Overview		
Content Area:	Spanish	
Unit Title:	Unit 3 Colors and numbers 11-20	
Target Course/Grade Level	Grade 1 Spanish	

Unit Summary: Students will be able to identify and pronounce eleven color words in Spanish. Students will review numbers one to ten and then learn eleven to twenty in Spanish. They will answer the question ¿Qué color es? And ¿Cuál es tu clor favorito?

21<sup>st</sup> century themes: Communication and Collaboration, Productivity and Accountability, Global awareness, and Cross-cultural skills

#### Learning Targets

#### Standards:

- **7.1 Communication:** All students should be able to communicate in at least one world language other than English. They will use language to engage in meaningful conversation, understand and interpret spoken word. Begin to recognize written word in target language, while making connections with other disciplines and compare language/culture to their own.
- **7.2 Culture:** All students will demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of another culture through experiences with its practices

CPI#	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) *NM Novice-mid	
	Modes- A: Interpretive B: Interpersonal C: Presentational	
7.1 NM A.1	Recognize familiar spoken words and phrases	
7.1 NM A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple oral directions, requests, and commands	
7.1 NM B.3	Imitate appropriate gestures and intonations of target language	
7.1 NM B.4	Ask and respond to simple questions and express preferences based on memorized words and phrases	
7.1 NM B.5	Exchange information using words and phrases in class on familiar topics	
7.1 NM C.2	Imitate/recite songs in target language	

#### **Unit Essential Questions**

- "What color words in Spanish can help to connect to their English meanings? Ex. Blanco white-think of blank
- How are the numbers a pattern? Dieciseis, diecisiete etc.

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings**

- Spanish numbers 1-20.
- Color vocabulary: rojo, amarillo, verde, azul.
   Anaranjado, morado, Rosado, blanco, negro, gris, café/marron.
- Ask and answer 2 questions in Spanish.
- An "E" makes the long "A" sound it Spanish.
- Always look for words that seem like you might recognize them in English-cognates.

#### **Unit Learning Targets**

#### Students will...

- Pronounce and use color words to describe objects.
- Identify eleven colors in Spanish.
- Recognize Spanish color word in written form.
- Write color word to make a class book.
- Ask and answer, "What color is it?" and "What is your favorite color?" in Spanish.
- Count to twenty in Spanish, using proper pronunciation
- Recognize Spanish numbers in written form.
- Create a class book about your favorite color in Spanish.

#### **Evidence of Learning**

#### **Summative Assessment** (5 class periods that meet weekly)

Listening quiz-numbers and colors partner dialogue
Class book teacher observations

**Equipment Needed:** Cd player, ELMO, Inter-write board,

**Teacher Resources:** Siesta, worksheets from Teach them Spanish-Grade 1, color flashcards

#### **Formative Assessments**

- Discussions
- Questioning
- Pronunciation of target vocab

- "Maestra game"
- Student participation
- "Sí or No" Thumbs up/Thumbs down
- Worksheets: color by number, word search, crosswords

Lesson Plans		
Lesson #	Lesson Name	Time frame (hours/days)
	Introduce colors: pronunciation, connect to English(What does café sound	Class period and ongoing
1	like) answer question ¿Que color es?	100
2	Color review and numbers: 11-15(review numbers 1-10) once, doce, trece,	Class period and ongoing
	catorce, quince. They are the "Say" numbers because "E" makes the "Ā"	
	sound	
	Written color words: Answer "¿Cuál es tu color favorito?"	Class period
3	Find the words you know to connect-cognate, create class book, read Siesta	
4	Numbers 16-20: dieciseis, diecisiete, dieciocho, diecinueve, veinte-look for	Class period
	the pattern, diez means ten, color review	
5	Review and assessment: listening quiz, finish class book	Class period

#### **Teacher Notes:**

Classes may miss due to assemblies, drills, and day off from school-note which classes may need an extra period

#### **Curriculum Development Resources**

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Unit Overview		
Content Area:	Spanish	
Unit Title:	Unit 4: Number and Color review, basic questions, December Holidays in Mexico and	
	Puerto Rico	
Target Course/Grade Level:	Grade 1 Spanish	

Unit Summary: Students will be able use numbers and colors to play games in Spanish, answer questions "Who is not here today? And How old are you? In Spanish, Read Oso Pardo, Oso Pardo and create own Brown Bear book. Students will learn about the Mexican Holiday of Las Posadas and the celebration of Dia de Los Reyes Magos as celebrated in Puerto Rico. Students will compare their own holidays and traditions to the ones learned in this unit.

21<sup>st</sup> century themes: Communication and Collaboration, Productivity and Accountability, Global awareness, and Crosscultural skills

#### **Learning Targets**

#### Standards:

- 7.1 Communication: All students should be able to communicate in at least one world language other than English. They will use language to engage in meaningful conversation, understand and interpret spoken word. Begin to recognize written word in target language, while making connections with other disciplines and compare language/culture to their own.
- 7.2 Culture: All students will demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of another culture through experiences with its practices

CPI#	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) *NM Novice-mid	
	Modes- A: Interpretive B: Interpersonal C: Presentational	
7.1 NM A.1	Recognize familiar spoken words and phrases	
7.1 NM A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple oral directions, requests, and commands	
7.1NM A.3	Recognize a few common gestures/cultural practices associated with target culture	
7.1 NM B.3	Imitate appropriate gestures and intonations of target language	
7.1 NM B.4	Ask and respond to simple questions and express preferences based on memorized words and phrases	
7.1 NM B.5	Exchange information using words and phrases in class on familiar topics	
7.1 NM C.2	Imitate/recite songs in target language	
7.2 NM B.5	Observe and participate in culturally authentic activities	

#### **Unit Essential Questions**

- How do you celebrate holidays in December? How are they the same or different than the holidays celebrated in Spanish speaking countries?
- Why do we have so many different holiday traditions in our class? School? Town? Country?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings**

- Who is not here today in Spanish
- The verb "tener" is used in Spanish as they say "to have" age instead of "I am"
- Holidays in Mexico are more religion based, as unlike in the U.S. people are mostly the same religion, people celebrate the same holidays, very different in the U.S.

#### **Unit Learning Targets**

Students will...

- Sing "Quien no esta aquí?" To take attendance in class.
- Answer the question "¿Cuántos años tienes?" With "Yo tengo\_\_\_años?" using numbers in Spanish.
- Survey classmates using "¿Cuántos años tienes?" to find the most common age, then graph results.
- Create their own "Brown Bear" in Spanish to review and read color words.
- Listen to stories and songs about holidays in Spanish speaking countries.
- Participate in a "Reyes Magos" celebration.
- Compare and contrast their own holiday celebrations to that of the holidays in Mexico.

#### **Evidence of Learning**

**Summative Assessment** (6-7 class periods that meet weekly)

Listening activity- "Color the Estrella"

Partner dialogue

Teacher observations

"Brown Bear" book-partner reading

**Equipment Needed:** Cd player, ELMO, Inter-write board,

Teacher Resources:

N is for Navidad, Three Kings Day with Pablo and Carlito, Oso Pardo worksheets, CD's

#### **Formative Assessments**

- Discussions
- Questioning
- Pronunciation of target vocab

- Student surveys
- Student participation
- "Sí or No" Thumbs up/Thumbs down
- Worksheets: color by number, word search, crosswords

malian policy	Lesson Plans	
Lesson #	Lesson Name	Time frame (hours/days)
	December Holidays-compare holiday traditions begin with Las Posadas in	Class period and ongoing
1	Mexico. N is for Navidad. Take attendance in class in Spanish, using "Quien	
	no esta aquí?" song.	
2	Listening activity all in Spanish, using holiday themes to incorporate	Class period
	numbers and colors. Holiday music.	
	Learn "Sientáte" game for counting to ten, and to use as good behavior	Class period
3	reward system. Discussion about holiday traditions, what we do different,	
	what we do the same.	
4	Celebrate holiday of "Reyes Magos" like the children in Puerto Rico. Read	Class period
	Three Kings Day with Pablo and Carlito. Make box and put under the desk	
	and get a small gift. Class disussion.	
5	Listen to Oso Pardo, Oso Pardo Book in Spanish, create their	Class period or 2
	own version to read to teacher, and partner then home	
6	Respond to the question "¿Cuántos años tienes?"; finísh Oso Pardo book.	Class period
7	Review numbers 1-20, class survey using "¿Cuántos años tienes?" graph	Class period
	results on IW board.	

#### **Teacher Notes:**

Classes may miss due to assemblies, drills, and day off from school-note which classes may need an extra period

#### **Curriculum Development Resources**

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www.abcteach.com, www.spanish4teachers.org, www.enchantedlearning.com www.languagesresources.co.uk www.spanishkidstuff.com

Unit Overview				
Content Area:	Spanish			
Unit Title:	Unit 5 Classroom objects, concept of agreement, Diego Rivera			
Target Course/Grade Level:	Grade 1 Spanish			

**Unit Summary:** Students will be able use recognize, recite and pronounce classroom objects in Spanish. They will distinguish between masculine and feminine words in Spanish by using el or la. Students will listen to the story <u>Diego</u> and learn about the Mexican Muralist, Diego Rivera to create their own murals(ties into Cultural Awareness Week.

**21**<sup>st</sup> **century themes:** Communication and Collaboration, Productivity and Accountability, Global awareness, and Cross-cultural skills

#### **Learning Targets**

#### Standards:

- **7.1 Communication:** All students should be able to communicate in at least one world language other than English. They will use language to engage in meaningful conversation, understand and interpret spoken word. Begin to recognize written word in target language, while making connections with other disciplines and compare language/culture to their own.
- **7.2 Culture:** All students will demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of another culture through experiences with its practices

CPI#	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI) *NM Novice-mid		
	Modes- A: Interpretive B: Interpersonal C: Presentational		
7.1 NM A.1	Recognize familiar spoken or written words and phrases		
7.1 NM A.2	Demonstrate comprehension of simple oral directions, requests, and commands		
7.1NM A.3	Recognize a few common gestures/cultural practices associated with target culture		
7.1 NM B.3	Imitate appropriate gestures and intonations of target language		
7.1 NM B.4	Ask and respond to simple questions and express preferences based on memorized words and phrases		
7.1 NM B.5	Exchange information using words and phrases in class on familiar topics		
7.1 NM C.2	Imitate/recite songs in target language		
7.2 NM B.5	Observe and participate in culturally authentic activities		

#### **Unit Essential Questions**

- What can we do to remember a certain Spanish word's meaning? Ex. Silla-chair
- What does "agreement" mean?
- Diego Rivera's murals told stories that meant something to him, what do you want your mural to say?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings**

- Target vocabulary of classroom objects.
- Difference between "El" and "La"-both mean the.
- Spanish adjectives must agree with the feminine and masculine noun they describe.
- Diego Rivera was a Mexican Painter who painted murals about his people and country.

#### **Unit Learning Targets**

#### Students will...

- Identify, recognize and pronounce classroom objects in Spanish: silla, mesa, papel, lápiz, libro, pluma, escritorio, puerta, ventana, pizarra, maestro (o), estudiantes and carpeta.
- Brainstorm ways to connect Spanish words to English words. Ex "we sit in a silla"
- Distinguish between the definite articles "El" and "La".
- Use the concept of agreement to decide whether to make the adjective change or stay the same. Ex. rojo, or roja
- Create sentences in Spanish using el, la and es (is) and concept of agreement.
- Respond to simple commands in Spanish such as "Toca la ventana."
- Create a mural with a partner that represents a shared theme as inspired by Diego Rivera.

#### **Evidence of Learning**

#### **Summative Assessment** (6-7 class periods that meet weekly)

Listening quiz-classroom objects mural

teacher observations

**Equipment Needed:** Cd player, ELMO, Inter-write board,

**Teacher Resources:** <u>Diego</u> worksheets, CD's, large white paper, sentence strips

#### **Formative Assessments**

- Discussions
- Questioning
- Pronunciation of target vocab
- Written sentence cards to be put in order

- Think, pair, share
- Student participation
- "toca la\_\_\_\_" and "caliente/frio" game
- Worksheets: color classroom objects, label, agreement
- Create a classroom

Lesson Plans			
Lesson #	Lesson Name	Time frame (hours/days)	
	Identify silla, mesa, lápiz, papel, libro, pluma, review colors and	Class period and ongoing in unit	
1	numbers. mnemonic devices to help tie into English words.		
2	Identify escritorio, pizarra, puerta, ventana, maestro(o), carpeta	Class period and ongoing in unit	
	and estudiantes. Play the "toca" game		
	Distinguish between feminine and masculine words using "El" or	Class period and ongoing	
3	"La". Create and label a classroom.		
4	Discuss concept of "agreement" What does it mean to agree, tie	Class period	
	it in to grammar. Spanish sounds like music: La silla es roja.		
	Use the verb "es" to make sentences with partners.		
5	Listening quiz-classroom objects.	Class period	
6	Listen to Diego, class discusión, create murals with a partner.	2 Class periods	
7	Concepts review	Class period	
P 1			

#### **Teacher Notes:**

Classes may miss due to assemblies, drills, and day off from school-note which classes may need an extra period

#### **Curriculum Development Resources**

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